### Safety Data Sheet

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

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#### **SECTION 1: Identification**

1.1. Identification

Product form : Mixture

Product name : CW20 - LO PH FRICTION DETERGENT

Product code : CW20

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use of the substance/mixture : High Foaming, Low pH Presoak

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Sky Blue Chemical 760 W. Exchange Road Ogden, Utah 84401 - USA T (801) 394-8611

www.skybluechemical.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency number : Chemtrec 1-800-424-9300

#### SECTION 2: Hazard(s) identification

#### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

#### **GHS US classification**

Met. Corr. 1 May be corrosive to metals

Skin Corr. 1 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage

#### 2.2. Label elements

#### **GHS US labeling**

Hazard pictograms (GHS US)



GHS05

Signal word (GHS US) : Danger

Hazard statements (GHS US) : May be corrosive to metals

Causes severe skin burns and eye damage

Precautionary statements (GHS US)

Prevention : Keep only in original container.

Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray.

Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling.

Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

Response : If swallowed: rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.

If on skin (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with

water/shower.

If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present

and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

Immediately call a poison center or doctor.

Specific treatment (see supplemental first aid instruction on this label).

Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Absorb spillage to prevent material-damage.

Storage : Store locked up.

Store in corrosive resistant container with a resistant inner liner.

Disposal : Dispose of contents/container to hazardous or special waste collection point, in accordance

with local, regional, national and/or international regulation.

#### 2.3. Other hazards

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#### 2.4. **Unknown acute toxicity (GHS US)**

#### **SECTION 3: Composition/Information on ingredients**

#### Substances 3.1.

Not applicable

#### **Mixtures**

Name	Product identifier	%	GHS US classification
Phosphoric acid	(CAS-No.) 7664-38-2	10 – 20	Met. Corr. 1, H290 Acute Tox. 4 (Oral), H302 Skin Corr. 1B, H314
Sodium xylenesulfonate	(CAS-No.) 1300-72-7	5 – 10	Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2B, H320 STOT SE 3, H335
butyl glycolether	(CAS-No.) 111-76-2	3 – 10	Flam. Liq. 4, H227 Acute Tox. 4 (Oral), H302 Acute Tox. 3 (Dermal), H311 Acute Tox. 4 (Inhalation), H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2B, H320
Lauryldimethylamine oxide	(CAS-No.) 1643-20-5	1 – 3	Acute Tox. 4 (Oral), H302 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Aquatic Acute 2, H401 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411

Full text of hazard classes and H-statements : see section 16

#### **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

#### **Description of first aid measures** 4.1

First-aid measures general

: Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If you feel unwell, seek medical

advice (show the label where possible). Call a physician immediately.

Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Remove victim to fresh air and First-aid measures after inhalation keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Immediately call a poison center or

doctor/physician.

Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. First-aid measures after skin contact

Immediately call a poison center or doctor/physician. Call a physician immediately.

Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to First-aid measures after eye contact

do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a poison center or doctor/physician. Call a physician

immediately.

Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. Immediately call a poison center or doctor/physician. First-aid measures after ingestion

Do not induce vomiting. Call a physician immediately.

#### Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms/effects : Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

Symptoms/effects after skin contact Burns.

Symptoms/effects after eye contact Serious damage to eyes.

Symptoms/effects after ingestion : Swallowing a small quantity of this material will result in serious health hazard. Burns.

#### Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treat symptomatically.

#### **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

### **Extinguishing media**

Suitable extinguishing media : Foam. Dry powder. Carbon dioxide. Water spray. Sand.

Unsuitable extinguishing media : Do not use a heavy water stream.

#### Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture 5.2.

Reactivity : Thermal decomposition generates : Corrosive vapors, Reacts slowly with (some) metals:

release of highly flammable gases/vapours (hydrogen).

#### **Advice for firefighters**

: Use water spray or fog for cooling exposed containers. Exercise caution when fighting any Firefighting instructions

chemical fire. Prevent fire-fighting water from entering environment.

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Protection during firefighting

: Do not enter fire area without proper protective equipment, including respiratory protection. Do not attempt to take action without suitable protective equipment. Self-contained breathing apparatus. Complete protective clothing.

#### SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

#### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

#### 6.1.1. For non-emergency personnel

**Emergency procedures** 

: Evacuate unnecessary personnel. Keep upwind. Only qualified personnel equipped with suitable protective equipment may intervene. Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray.

#### 6.1.2. For emergency responders

Protective equipment

**Emergency procedures** 

: Do not attempt to take action without suitable protective equipment. Equip cleanup crew with proper protection. For further information refer to section 8: "Exposure controls/personal protection".

: Ventilate area

#### 6.2. Environmental precautions

Avoid release to the environment. Prevent entry to sewers and public waters. See Section 12 for additional Ecological information. Notify authorities if product enters sewers or public waters.

#### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

For containment

: Dam up the liquid spill. Collect spillage.

Methods for cleaning up

Take up liquid spill into absorbent material. Neutralize spill with soda (sodium carbonate) or slaked lime. Soak up spills with inert solids, such as clay or diatomaceous earth as soon as possible. Absorb spillage to prevent material-damage. Collect spillage. Store away from other materials. Notify authorities if product enters sewers or public waters.

Other information : Dispose of materials or solid residues at an authorized site.

#### 6.4. Reference to other sections

See Heading 8. Exposure controls and personal protection. For further information refer to section 13.

### **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

#### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Additional hazards when processed

: May be corrosive to metals.

Precautions for safe handling

: Ensure good ventilation of the work station. Wash hands and other exposed areas with mild soap and water before eating, drinking or smoking and when leaving work. Provide good ventilation in process area to prevent formation of vapor. Do not breathe fume/gas/mist/spray/vapours. Avoid contact during pregnancy/while nursing. Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Take all necessary technical measures to avoid or minimize the release of the product on the workplace. Limit quantities of product at the minimum necessary for handling and limit the number of exposed workers. Provide local exhaust or general room ventilation. Wear personal protective equipment. Floors, walls and other surfaces in the hazard area must be cleaned regularly. Avoid contact with skin and eyes.

Hygiene measures

Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling. Separate working clothes from town clothes. Launder separately. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Always wash hands after handling the product.

#### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Technical measures

: Comply with applicable regulations.

Storage conditions

: Keep only in the original container in a cool, well ventilated place away from : Direct sunlight, Heat sources. Keep container closed when not in use. Store in corrosive resistant container with a resistant inner liner. Keep only in original container. Store locked up. Store in a well-

ventilated place. Keep cool.

Incompatible products Incompatible materials

Strong bases. Strong oxidizing agents. Metals.Sources of ignition. Direct sunlight. Metals.

Packaging materials : Store in corrosive resistant container with a resistant inner liner.

#### SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

#### 8.1. Control parameters

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butyl glycolether (111-76-2)		
ACGIH	ACGIH OEL TWA [ppm]	20 ppm
ACGIH	Remark (ACGIH)	Eye & URT irr
OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) [1]	240 mg/m³
OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) [2]	50 ppm
0.45		

#### Sodium xylenesulfonate (1300-72-7)

Not applicable

Phosphoric acid (7664-38-2)		
ACGIH	ACGIH OEL TWA	1 mg/m³
ACGIH	ACGIH OEL STEL	3 mg/m³
ACGIH	Remark (ACGIH)	URT, eye, & skin irr
OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) [1]	1 mg/m³

#### Lauryldimethylamine oxide (1643-20-5)

Not applicable

#### 8.2. **Exposure controls**

Appropriate engineering controls : Ensure good ventilation of the work station.

Personal protective equipment : Avoid all unnecessary exposure.

Hand protection : Wear protective gloves.

Eye protection Chemical goggles or face shield. Safety glasses.

Skin and body protection Wear suitable protective clothing.

Respiratory protection : Wear appropriate mask. Wear respiratory protection.

Environmental exposure controls : Avoid release to the environment. Other information : Do not eat, drink or smoke during use.

### **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

#### Information on basic physical and chemical properties 9.1.

Physical state : Liquid

> : No data available : No data available : No data available

Odor threshold

рН : < 2 pH solution : 1%

Melting point : Not applicable : No data available Freezing point Boiling point : No data available : > 212 °F

Flash point

Relative evaporation rate (butyl acetate=1) : No data available Flammability : Non flammable. Vapor pressure : No data available Relative vapor density at 20 °C : No data available Relative density : 1.11 – 1.12 Density : 9.30 lb/gal Solubility Soluble in water. Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow) : No data available Auto-ignition temperature : No data available Decomposition temperature : No data available Viscosity, kinematic : No data available : No data available Viscosity, dynamic

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Explosion limits : No data available
Explosive properties : No data available
Oxidizing properties : No data available

9.2. Other information

VOC content : 5.1 %

### **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

#### 10.1. Reactivity

Thermal decomposition generates: Corrosive vapors. Reacts slowly with (some) metals: release of highly flammable gases/vapours (hydrogen).

#### 10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under normal conditions.

#### 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

Not established.

#### 10.4. Conditions to avoid

Direct sunlight. Extremely high or low temperatures.

#### 10.5. Incompatible materials

Strong bases. Strong oxidizing agents. May be corrosive to metals. metals.

#### 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Fume. Carbon monoxide. Carbon dioxide. Thermal decomposition generates : Corrosive vapors.

#### **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

#### 11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity : Not classified

butyl glycolether (111-76-2)	
LD50 oral rat	1746 mg/kg body weight (Equivalent or similar to OECD 401, Rat, Male, Experimental value, Oral, 14 day(s))
LD50 dermal rat	> 2000 mg/kg body weight (Rat; Experimental value; OECD 402: Acute Dermal Toxicity)
LD50 dermal rabbit	435 mg/kg body weight (Rabbit; Experimental value; OECD 402: Acute Dermal Toxicity; 435 mg/kg bodyweight; Rabbit; Weight of evidence; Equivalent or similar to OECD 402)
LC50 Inhalation - Rat	> 4.26 mg/l (4 h, Rat, Male / female, Experimental value, Inhalation (vapours), 14 day(s))
ATE US (oral)	1746 mg/kg body weight
ATE US (dermal)	435 mg/kg body weight
ATE US (gases)	4500 ppmV/4h
ATE US (vapors)	11 mg/l/4h
ATE US (dust, mist)	1.5 mg/l/4h
Sodium xylenesulfonate (1300-72-7)	
LD50 oral rat	> 7000 mg/kg body weight (OECD 401: Acute Oral Toxicity, Rat, Male / female, Experimental value, Oral, 14 day(s))
LD50 dermal rabbit	> 2000 mg/kg body weight (Equivalent or similar to OECD 402, Rabbit, Experimental value, Dermal, 14 day(s))
LC50 Inhalation - Rat	> 6.41 mg/l (Equivalent or similar to OECD 403, 232 minutes, Rat, Male / female, Experimental value, Inhalation (aerosol), 14 day(s))
Phosphoric acid (7664-38-2)	
LD50 oral rat	1530 mg/kg (85 % aqueous solution; Rat; Equivalent or similar to OECD 423; Literature study; 2600 mg/kg bodyweight; 80 % aqueous solution; Rat; Experimental value; 3500 mg/kg bodyweight; 75 % aqueous solution; Rat; Experimental value; 4200 mg/kg bodyweight; Rat; Experimental value; 4400 mg/kg bodyweight; Rat; Experimental value)
LD50 dermal rabbit	2740 mg/kg body weight (85 % aqueous solution; Rabbit; Experimental value; >1260 mg/kg bodyweight; 80 % aqueous solution; Rabbit; Experimental value; >3160 mg/kg bodyweight; 75 % aqueous solution; Rabbit; Experimental value; >3160 mg/kg bodyweight; Rabbit; Experimental value)
ATE US (oral)	1530 mg/kg body weight
ATE US (dermal)	2740 mg/kg body weight

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Lauryldimethylamine oxide (1643-20-5)		
LD50 oral rat	1064 mg/kg body weight (OECD 401: Acute Oral Toxicity, Rat, Male / female, Experimental value, Oral, 14 day(s))	
ATE US (oral)	1064 mg/kg body weight	
Skin corrosion/irritation	: Causes severe skin burns.	
	pH: < 2	
Serious eye damage/irritation	: Assumed to cause serious eye damage	
	pH: < 2	
Respiratory or skin sensitization	: Not classified	
Germ cell mutagenicity	: Not classified	
Carcinogenicity	: Not classified	
butyl glycolether (111-76-2)		
IARC group	3 - Not classifiable	
Reproductive toxicity	: Not classified	
STOT-single exposure	: Not classified	

STOT-repeated exposure : Not classified

Aspiration hazard : Not classified

Potential Adverse human health effects and

symptoms

: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. Harmful if swallowed.

Symptoms/effects after skin contact : Burns.

Symptoms/effects after eye contact : Serious damage to eyes.

Symptoms/effects after ingestion : Swallowing a small quantity of this material will result in serious health hazard. Burns.

, ,	
SECTION 12: Ecological information	
12.1. Toxicity	
Ecology - general	: Toxic to aquatic life. Harmful to aquatic life.
Ecology - water	: Toxic to aquatic life.
butyl glycolether (111-76-2)	
LC50 - Fish [1]	1474 mg/l (OECD 203: Fish, Acute Toxicity Test, 96 h, Oncorhynchus mykiss, Static system, Fresh water, Experimental value, Lethal)
EC50 - Crustacea [1]	1550 mg/l (OECD 202: Daphnia sp. Acute Immobilisation Test, 48 h, Daphnia magna, Static system, Fresh water, Experimental value, Locomotor effect)
ErC50 algae	≈ 911 mg/l (72 Hr.)
Sodium xylenesulfonate (1300-72-7)	
LC50 - Fish [1]	> 1000 mg/l (EPA OTS 797.1400, 96 h, Oncorhynchus mykiss, Static system, Fresh water, Experimental value)
EC50 - Crustacea [1]	> 1000 mg/l (EPA OTS 797.1300, 48 h, Daphnia magna, Static system, Fresh water, Experimental value)
Phosphoric acid (7664-38-2)	
LC50 - Fish [1]	138 mg/l (96 h; Pisces; Pure substance)
LC50 - Other aquatic organisms [1]	100-1000,96 h; Protozoa; Pure substance
EC50 - Crustacea [1]	> 100 mg/l (48 h; Daphnia magna; Pure substance)
LC50 - Fish [2]	100 – 1000 mg/l (Pisces; Pure substance)
LC50 - Other aquatic organisms [2]	240 mg/l (96 h; Pure substance)
TLM - Fish [1]	138 ppm (96 h; Gambusia affinis; Pure substance)
Threshold limit - Other aquatic organisms [1]	100-1000,96 h; Protozoa; Pure substance
Threshold limit - Other aquatic organisms [2]	240 mg/l (96 h; Pure substance)
Threshold limit - Algae [1]	> 100 mg/l (72 h; Desmodesmus subspicatus; Pure substance)
Threshold limit - Algae [2]	100 mg/l (72 h; Desmodesmus subspicatus; Pure substance)
Lauryldimethylamine oxide (1643-20-5)	
LC50 - Fish [1]	134 mg/l (OECD 203: Fish, Acute Toxicity Test, 96 h, Danio rerio, Semi-static system, Fresh water, Experimental value)
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Lauryldimethylamine oxide (1643-20-5)	
EC50 - Crustacea [1]	3.9 mg/l (OECD 202: Daphnia sp. Acute Immobilisation Test, 48 h, Daphnia magna, Static system, Fresh water, Experimental value, Locomotor effect)

### 12.2. Persistence and degradability

butyl glycolether (111-76-2)	
Persistence and degradability	Readily biodegradable in water. Biodegradable in the soil. Photodegradation in the air.
Biochemical oxygen demand (BOD)	0.71 g O <sub>2</sub> /g substance
Chemical oxygen demand (COD)	2.2 g O <sub>2</sub> /g substance
ThOD	2.305 g O <sub>2</sub> /g substance
BOD (% of ThOD)	0.31
Sodium xylenesulfonate (1300-72-7)	
Persistence and degradability	Readily biodegradable in water.
Phosphoric acid (7664-38-2)	
Persistence and degradability	Biodegradability: not applicable. No (test)data on mobility of the substance available.
ThOD	Not applicable
Lauryldimethylamine oxide (1643-20-5)	
Persistence and degradability	Readily biodegradable in water.

#### 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

CW20 - LO PH FRICTION DETERGENT			
Bioaccumulative potential	Not established.		
butyl glycolether (111-76-2)			
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow)	0.81 (Experimental value; BASF test; 25 °C)		
Bioaccumulative potential	Low potential for bioaccumulation (Log Kow < 4).		
Sodium xylenesulfonate (1300-72-7)	Sodium xylenesulfonate (1300-72-7)		
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow)	-3.12 (Experimental value, EU Method A.8: Partition Coefficient, 20 °C)		
Bioaccumulative potential	Not bioaccumulative.		
Phosphoric acid (7664-38-2)			
Bioaccumulative potential	Not bioaccumulative.		
Lauryldimethylamine oxide (1643-20-5)			
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow)	< 2.7 (Calculated)		
Bioaccumulative potential	Low potential for bioaccumulation (Log Kow < 4).		

### 12.4. Mobility in soil

butyl glycolether (111-76-2)		
Surface tension	0.027 N/m (25 °C)	
Organic Carbon Normalized Adsorption Coefficient (Log Koc)	0.451 – 0.882 (log Koc, SRC PCKOCWIN v2.0, Calculated value)	
Ecology - soil	Highly mobile in soil.	
Sodium xylenesulfonate (1300-72-7)		
Surface tension	71 mN/m (20 °C, 90 %, EU Method A.5: Surface tension)	
Organic Carbon Normalized Adsorption Coefficient (Log Koc)	1.42 (log Koc, SRC PCKOCWIN v2.0, Calculated value)	
Ecology - soil	Highly mobile in soil.	
Lauryldimethylamine oxide (1643-20-5)		
Ecology - soil	Low potential for adsorption in soil.	

### 12.5. Other adverse effects

Other information : Avoid release to the environment.

### **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

13.1. Waste treatment methods	
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Waste treatment methods : Dispose of contents/container in accordance with licensed collector's sorting instructions.

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Product/Packaging disposal recommendations : Dispose in a safe manner in accordance with local/national regulations. Dispose of

contents/container to comply with local/state/federal regulations..

Ecology - waste materials : Avoid release to the environment.

### **SECTION 14: Transport information**

#### **Department of Transportation (DOT)**

In accordance with DOT

Transport document description (DOT) : UN1805 Phosphoric acid solution, 8, III

UN-No.(DOT) : UN1805

Proper Shipping Name (DOT) : Phosphoric acid solution

Class (DOT) : 8 - Class 8 - Corrosive material 49 CFR 173.136

Packing group (DOT) : III - Minor Danger Hazard labels (DOT) : 8 - Corrosive



DOT Packaging Non Bulk (49 CFR 173.xxx) : 203 DOT Packaging Bulk (49 CFR 173.xxx) : 241

DOT Special Provisions (49 CFR 172.102) : A7 - Steel packaging must be corrosion-resistant or have protection against corrosion.

IB3 - Authorized IBCs: Metal (31A, 31B and 31N); Rigid plastics (31H1 and 31H2); Composite (31HZ1 and 31HA2, 31HB2, 31HN2, 31HD2 and 31HH2). Additional Requirement: Only liquids with a vapor pressure less than or equal to 110 kPa at 50 C (1.1 bar at 122 F), or 130 kPa at 55 C (1.3 bar at 131 F) are authorized, except for UN2672 (also see Special Provision IP8 in Table 2 for UN2672).

N34 - Aluminum construction materials are not authorized for any part of a packaging which is

normally in contact with the hazardous material. T4 - 2.65 178.274(d)(2) Normal...... 178.275(d)(3)

TP1 - The maximum degree of filling must not exceed the degree of filling determined by the following: Degree of filling = 97 / 1 + a (tr - tf) Where: tr is the maximum mean bulk temperature

during transport, and tf is the temperature in degrees celsius of the liquid during filling.

DOT Packaging Exceptions (49 CFR 173.xxx) : 154
DOT Quantity Limitations Passenger aircraft/rail : 5 L

(49 CFR 173.27)

DOT Quantity Limitations Cargo aircraft only (49 : 60 L

CFR 175.75)

DOT Vessel Stowage Location : A - The material may be stowed "on deck" or "under deck" on a cargo vessel and on a

passenger vessel.

DOT Vessel Stowage Other : 53 - Stow "separated from" alkaline compounds,58 - Stow "separated from" cyanides

Emergency Response Guide (ERG) Number : 154

Other information : No supplementary information available.

### **Transportation of Dangerous Goods**

Transport document description (TDG) : UN1805 PHOSPHORIC ACID, LIQUID, 8, III

UN-No. (TDG) : UN1805

Proper Shipping Name (TDG) : PHOSPHORIC ACID, LIQUID TDG Primary Hazard Classes : 8 - Class 8 - Corrosives Packing group (TDG) : III - Minor Danger

Explosive Limit and Limited Quantity Index : 5 L
Passenger Carrying Road Vehicle or Passenger : 5 L

Carrying Railway Vehicle Index

Transport by sea

UN-No. (IMDG) : 1805

Proper Shipping Name (IMDG) : PHOSPHORIC ACID SOLUTION

Class (IMDG) : 8 - Corrosive substances

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Packing group (IMDG) : III - substances presenting low danger

Limited quantities (IMDG) : 5 L

Marine pollutant :

Air transport

UN-No. (IATA) : 1805

Proper Shipping Name (IATA) : Phosphoric acid, solution

Class (IATA) : 8 - Corrosives
Packing group (IATA) : III - Minor Danger

### **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

#### 15.1. US Federal regulations

All components of this product are present and listed as Active on the United States Environmental Protection Agency Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) inventory

butyl glycolether (111-76-2)		
SARA Section 311/312 Hazard Classes	Fire hazard Immediate (acute) health hazard Delayed (chronic) health hazard	
SARA Section 313 - Emission Reporting	1 %	
ethylene glycol (107-21-1)		
Subject to reporting requirements of United States SARA Section 313		
CERCLA RQ	5000 lb	
SARA Section 313 - Emission Reporting	1 %	

Sulfuric acid (7664-93-9)		
Not subject to reporting requirements of the United States SARA Section 313 Subject to reporting requirements of United States SARA Section 313		
CERCLA RQ	1000 lb	
SARA Section 302 Threshold Planning Quantity (TPQ)	1000 lb	

Phosphoric acid (7664-38-2)		
Not subject to reporting requirements of the United States SARA Section 313		
CERCLA RQ	5000 lb	

#### 15.2. International regulations

#### **CW20 - LO PH FRICTION DETERGENT**

Not listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory

### Water (7732-18-5)

Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory - Status: Active

#### butyl glycolether (111-76-2)

Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory - Status: Active

#### ethylene glycol (107-21-1)

Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory - Status: Active Listed on EPA Hazardous Air Pollutant (HAPS)

#### Sulfuric acid (7664-93-9)

Listed as carcinogen on NTP (National Toxicology Program)

#### Sodium sulfate (7757-82-6)

Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory - Status: Active

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#### Sodium xylenesulfonate (1300-72-7)

Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory - Status: Active

#### Benzenesulfonic acid, C10-16-alkyl derivs. (68584-22-5)

Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory - Status: Active

#### Lauryldimethylamine oxide (1643-20-5)

Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory - Status: Active

#### 15.3. US State regulations

This product can expose you to Ethylene glycol (ingested), which is known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

ethylene glycol (107-21-	1)			
U.S California - Proposition 65 - Carcinogens List	U.S California - Proposition 65 - Developmental Toxicity	U.S California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Female	U.S California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Male	No significant risk level (NSRL)
No	Yes	No	No	

#### butyl glycolether (111-76-2)

- U.S. Massachusetts Right To Know List
- U.S. New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) List

### ethylene glycol (107-21-1)

- U.S. Massachusetts Right To Know List
- U.S. New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) List

#### Sulfuric acid (7664-93-9)

U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List

#### Sodium sulfate (7757-82-6)

- U.S. Massachusetts Right To Know List
- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) List

### Phosphoric acid (7664-38-2)

- U.S. New Jersey Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
- U.S. Pennsylvania RTK (Right to Know) List

### **SECTION 16: Other information**

Revision date : 05/17/2023 Other information : None.

#### Full text of H-phrases:

Acute Tox. 3 (Dermal)	Acute toxicity (dermal) Category 3	
Acute Tox. 4 (Inhalation)	Acute toxicity (inhalation) Category 4	
Acute Tox. 4 (Oral)	Acute toxicity (oral) Category 4	
Aquatic Acute 2	Hazardous to the aquatic environment – Acute Hazard Category 2	
Aquatic Chronic 2	Hazardous to the aquatic environment – Chronic Hazard Category 2	
Eye Dam. 1	Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 1	
Eye Irrit. 2B	Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 2B	
Flam. Liq. 4	Flammable liquids Category 4	
Met. Corr. 1	Corrosive to metals Category 1	
Skin Corr. 1	Skin corrosion/irritation Category 1	
Skin Corr. 1B	Skin corrosion/irritation Category 1B	
Skin Irrit. 2	Skin corrosion/irritation Category 2	
STOT SE 3	Specific target organ toxicity – Single exposure, Category 3, Respiratory tract irritation	

 SDS US (GHS HazCom 2012) - Custom
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Safety Data Sheet

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

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